

The diagram illustrates a ray-tracing process. On the left, a large square labeled 201 represents a light source. An arrow points from 201 towards a grid of squares labeled 202. From each square in the grid 202, a ray (represented by an arrow) is cast towards a series of material images labeled 203. These material images are arranged in a perspective view, showing various patterns (hatched, dotted, etc.). A dashed line indicates the path of a ray from a square in 202 to a material image in 203. The entire scene is enclosed in a large bracket at the top.

203
MATERIAL IMAGES
(P IMAGES)

FIG. 2

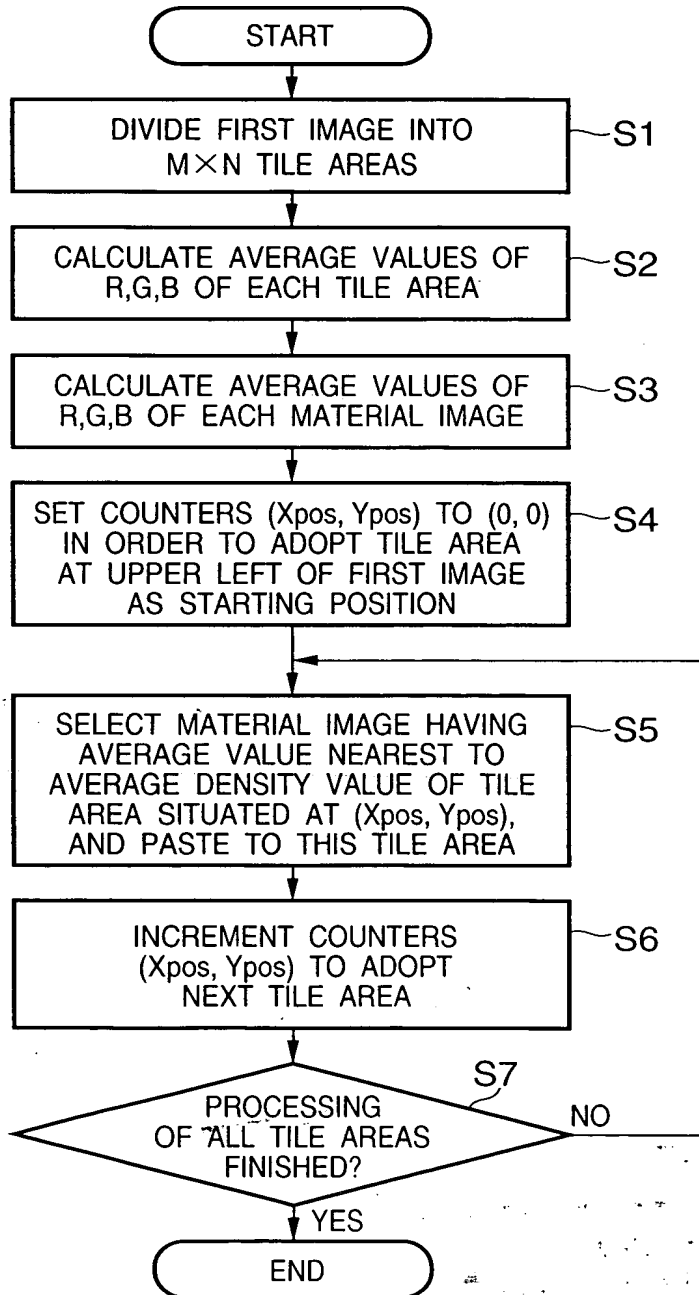
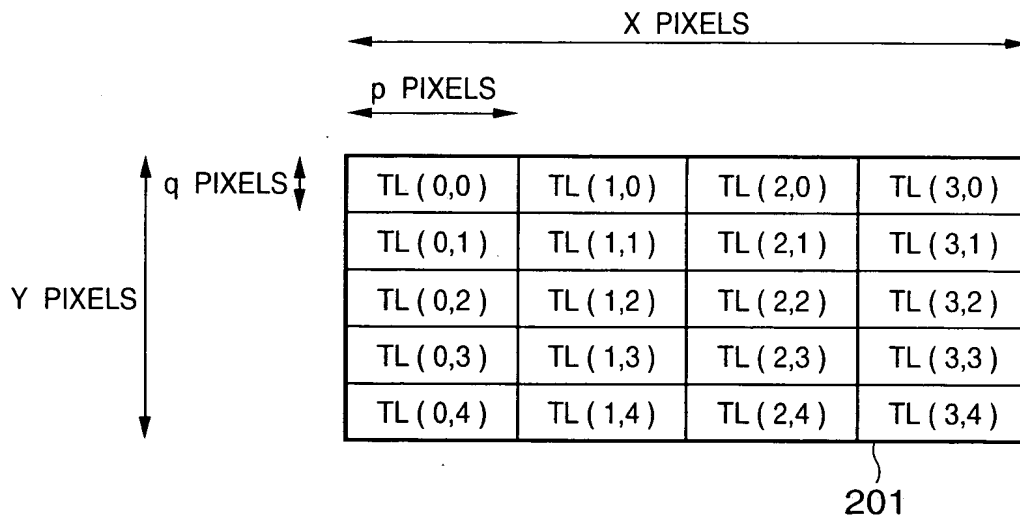
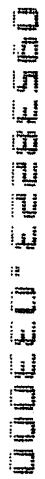


FIG. 3

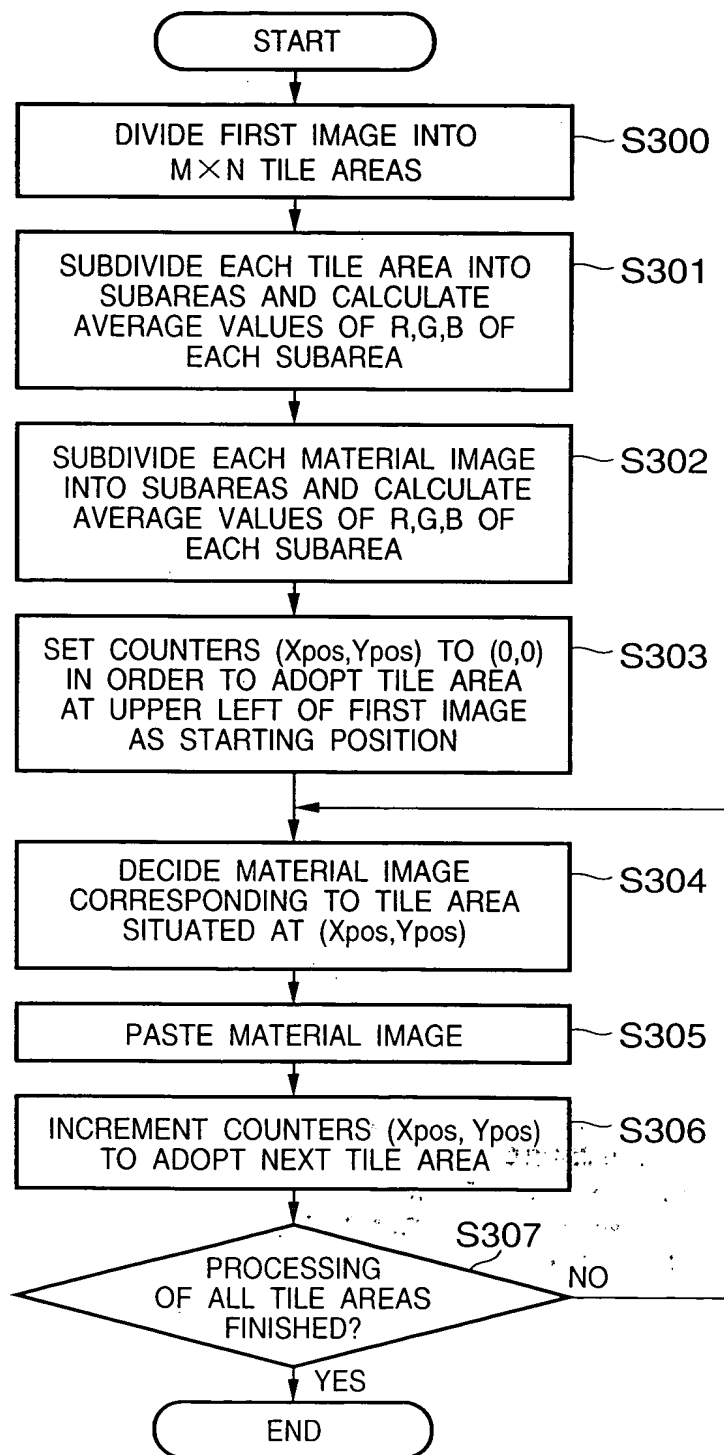


... ..



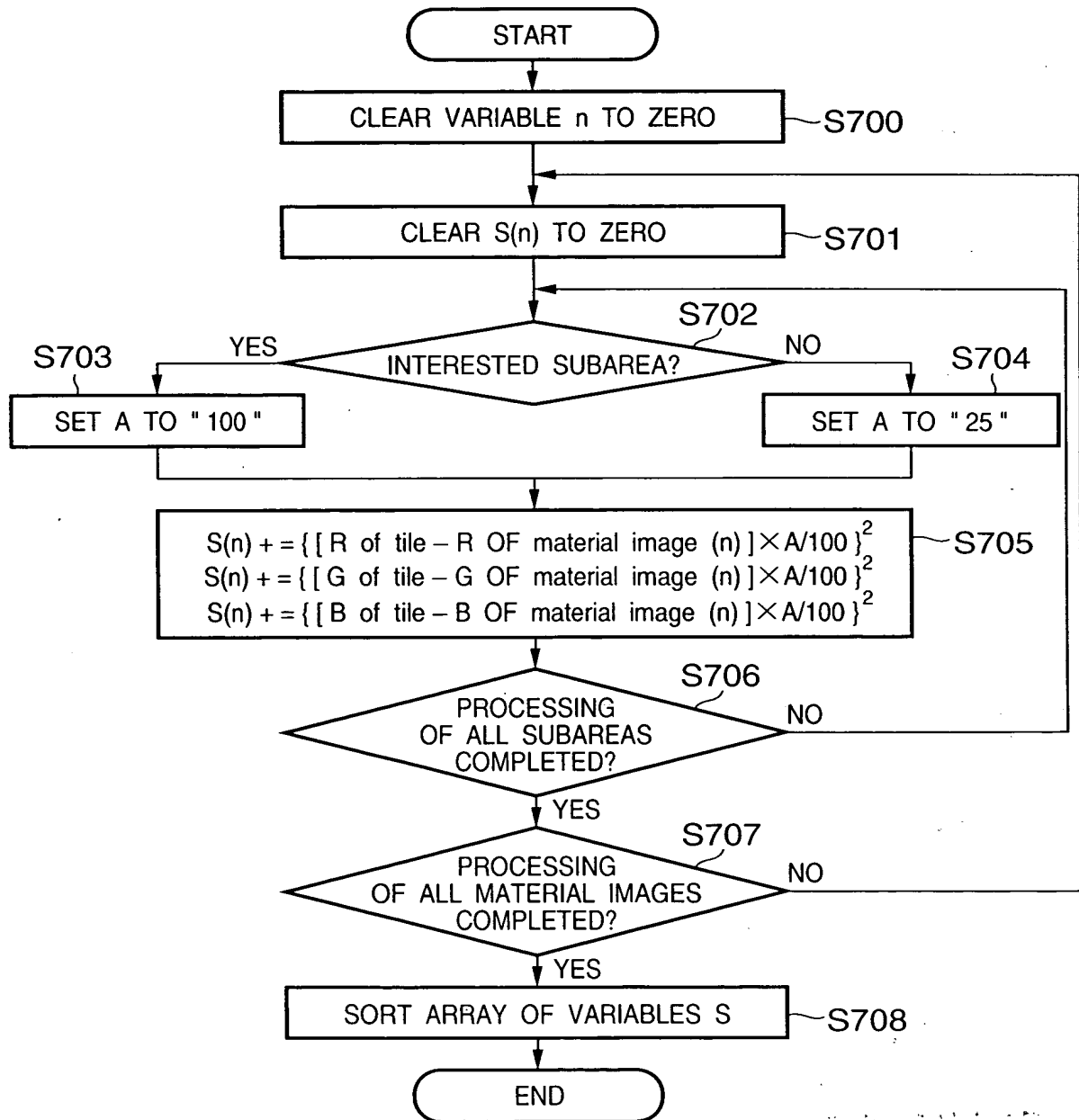
The diagram illustrates a computer system architecture. A central horizontal bus line connects several components. On the left side of the bus, from left to right, are: a module labeled 'M' (102a) connected to a 'KEYBOARD' (102), a 'CPU' (101), a 'DISPLAY UNIT' (103), and a 'READER' (109). On the right side of the bus, from left to right, are: 'ROM' (104), 'RAM' (105), 'STORAGE UNIT' (106), 'FLOPPY DISK' (107), and 'PRINTER' (108).

FIG. 6



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FIG. 7



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SECRET

(0,0)	(1,0)	(2,0)
(0,1)	(1,1)	(2,1)
(0,2)	(1,2)	(2,2)

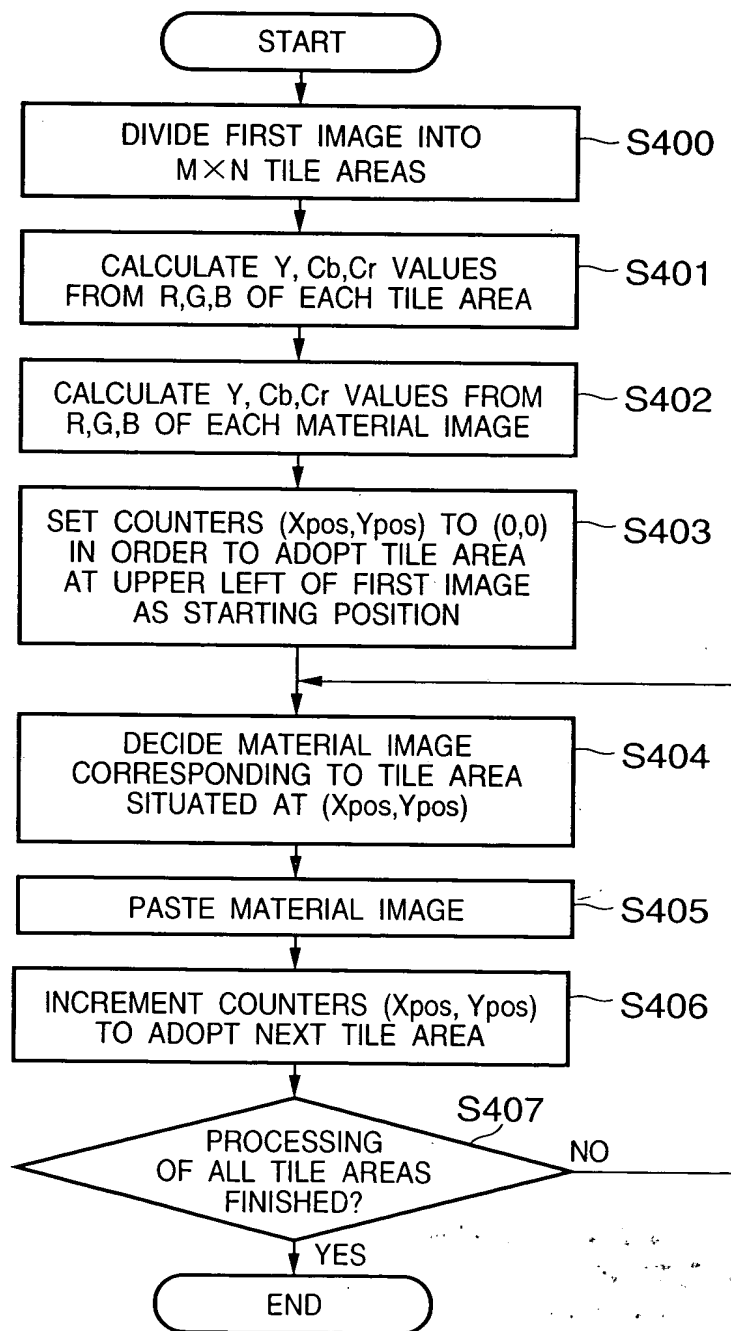
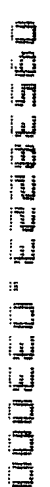
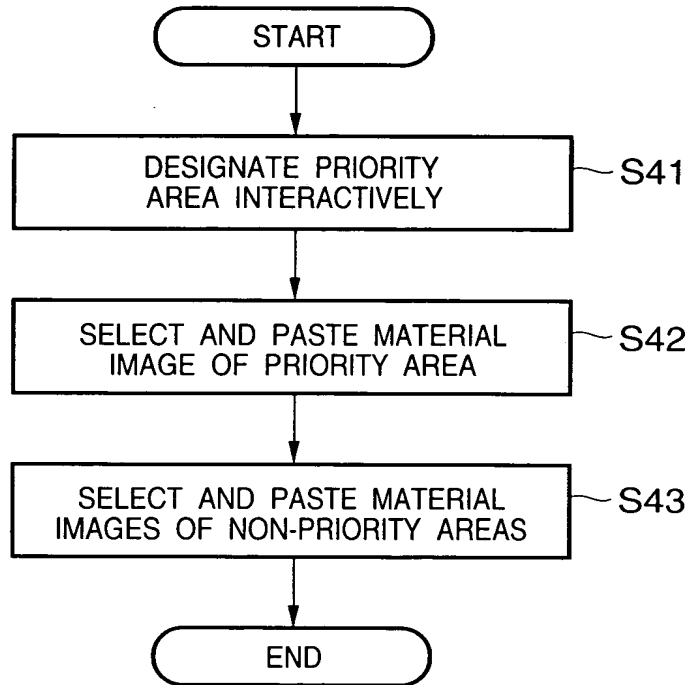
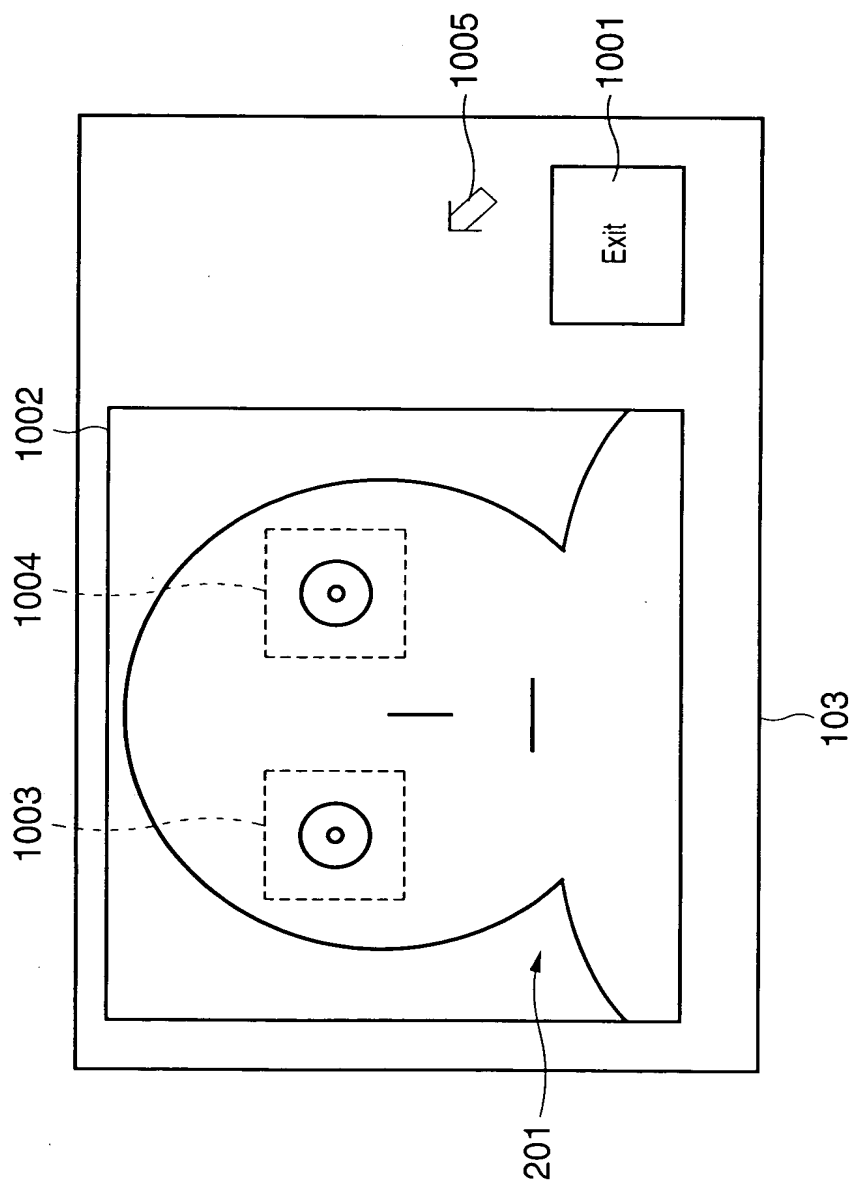


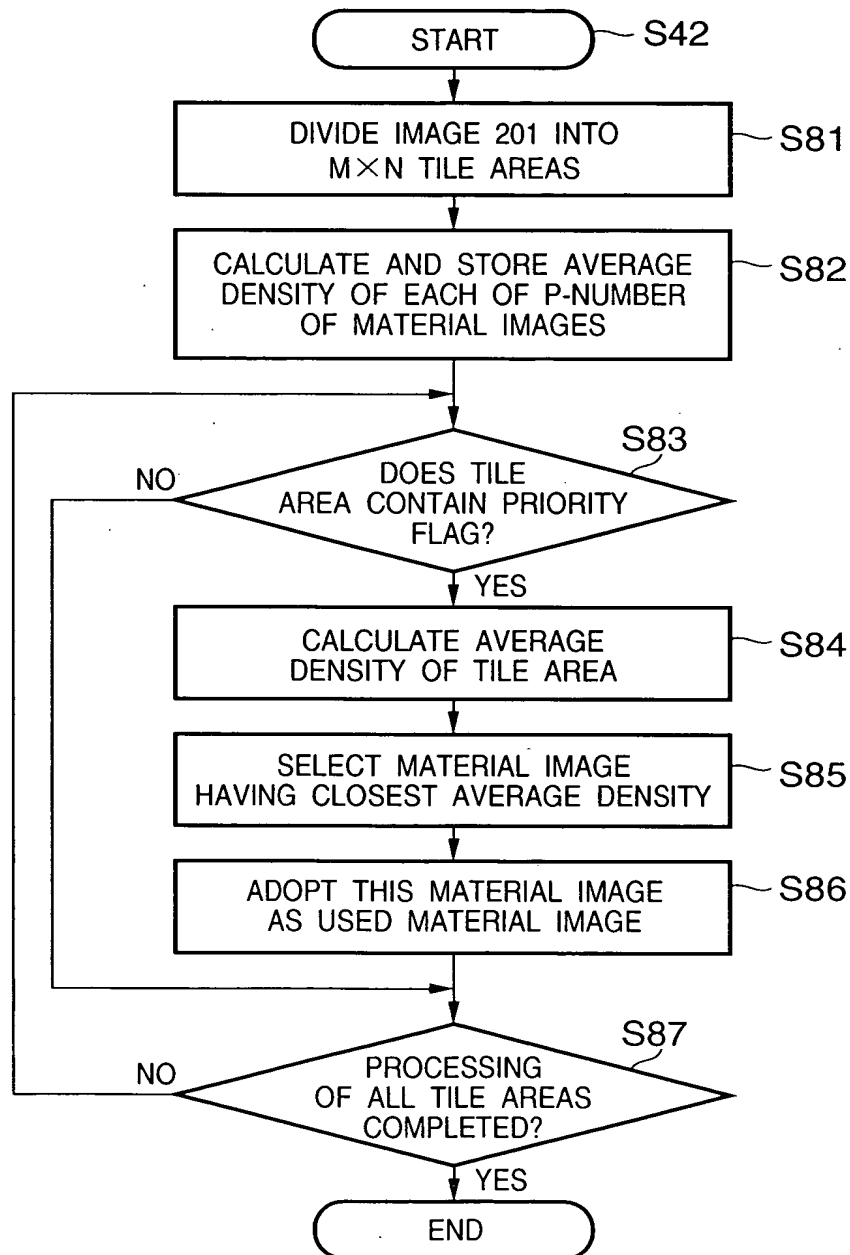
FIG. 1. Schematic diagram of the experimental setup. The subject is seated in a chair, viewing a video screen. The screen displays a target (a small circle) and a starting point (a larger circle). The subject's hand is positioned at the starting point. The distance between the starting point and the target is labeled as d . The subject is instructed to move their hand from the starting point to the target.



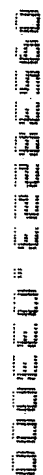
1. 1990年12月25日，在“九七”香港回归前夕，香港各界人士纷纷发表文章，就香港前途问题提出自己的看法。



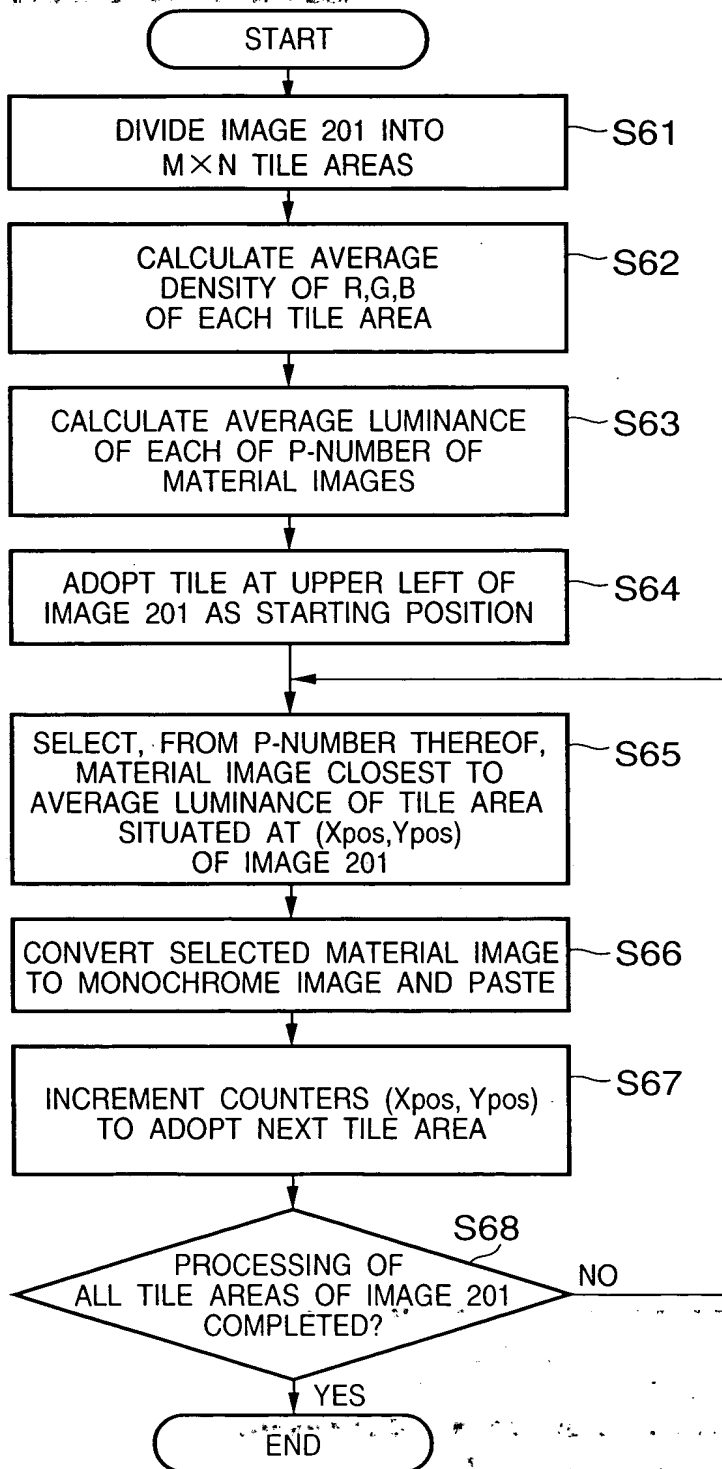
[illegible]



... **FL**



START



FIELD

